

**REGIOSELECTIVITY IN THE Cu-CATALYZED SYNTHESIS OF SUBSTITUTED
BENZO- AND PYRIDO-FUSED IMIDAZO[2,1-*b*]THIAZOLES AND PYRIMIDO[2,1-*b*]
BENZOTHIAZOL-4-ONE**

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ABSTRACT:

A simple one-flask method for the selective preparation of benzo- and pyrido-fused imidazo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles and pyrimido[2,1-*b*]benzothiazol-4-one from corresponding thiones and 1-bromo-2-iodobenzenes or 2,3-dibromopyridines in the bicatalytic system solid KOH / CuI / 1,10-phenanthroline / Bu₄NBr / DMF has been developed. Reaction of 1,3-dihydrobenzimidazol-2-thione with 3-bromo-4-iodotoluene in the above system leads to 5-methylbenzimidazo[2,1-*b*]benzothiazole as single cyclization product by selective stepwise S- and N-arylation tandem reaction.

Keywords: copper catalysis, 1,3-dihydrobenzimidazol-2-thione, phase transfer catalysis, imidazo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles, pyrimido[2,1-*b*]benzothiazol-4-one

INTRODUCTION

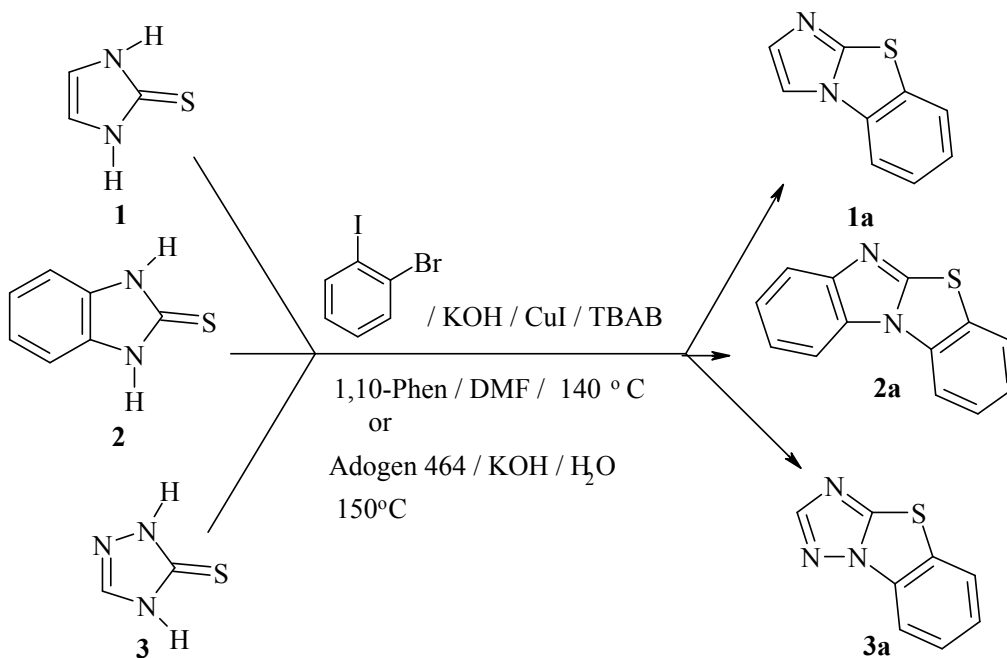
Imidazothiazoles and related compounds are of great interest as biologically active compounds.^{I-}^{VI} Imidazo[2,1-*b*]benzothiazole and its benzo analogs usually were obtained in the systems 2-aminobenzothiazole / chloroacetaldehyde/ 1-butanol,^{VII} 1-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-mercaptoimidazole / NaNH₂ / NH₃,^{VIII} 2-iodobenzothiazole / 2-iodoaniline / CuI / 1,10-phenanthroline / Cs₂CO₃ / xylene,^{IX} 2-mercaptobenzimidazole / 1-bromo-3,4-dicyano-2-nitrobenzene / K₂CO₃^X or by photolysis of 1-(2-benzothiazolyl)benzotriazole^{XI}. 4*H*-Pyrimido[2,1-*b*]benzothiazol-4-ones were prepared by multistep reaction starting from 2-aminobenzothiazoles^{XII-XIV}.

Recently we have elaborated two novel and simple Cu-catalyzed methods for the preparation of derivatives of imidazo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles **1a** and **2a** and benzo[4,5]thiazolo[3,2-*b*][1,2,4]triazole (**3a**) from corresponding thiones **1-3** (Scheme 1)^{XY}. The main aim of present work is investigation of regioselectivity of formation of benzo- and pyrido-fused imidazo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles and pyrimido[2,1-*b*]benzothiazol-4-one.

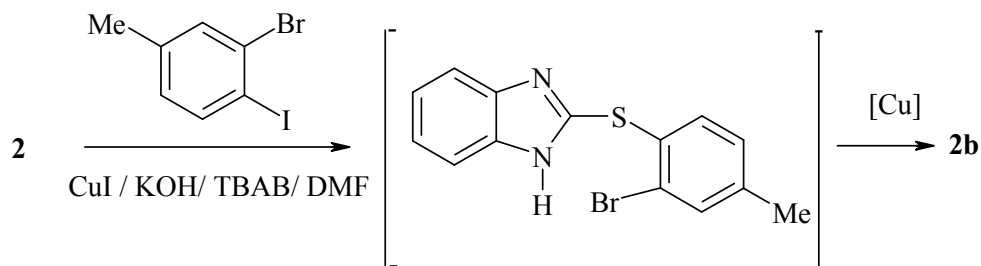
RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Synthesis of benzo- and pyrido-fused imidazo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles and pyrimido[2,1-*b*]benzothiazol-4-one were carried out from corresponding thiones **2** and **4** by one flask stepwise S,N-diarylation reaction in the bicatalytic system 4-bromo-3-iodotoluene / solid KOH / CuI / 1,10-Phen (1,10-

phenanthroline) / TBAB / DMF (Scheme 1). Interestingly, that the reaction of thione **2** with 4-bromo-3-iodotoluene in the system solid KOH / CuI / TBAB / 1,10-Phen / DMF afforded single cyclization product 9-methylbenzimidazo[2,1-*b*]benzothiazole (**2b**) in 32 % yield. It means that iodide in the 3-bromo-4-iodotoluene selectively reacts with S-nucleophilic part of the thione **2** forming intermediate **A**, which undergo Cu-catalyzed cyclization to product **2b** (Scheme 2).



Scheme 1

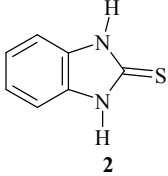
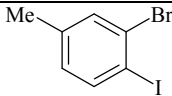
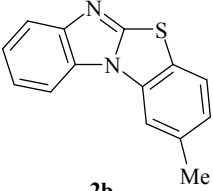
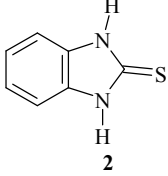
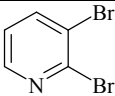
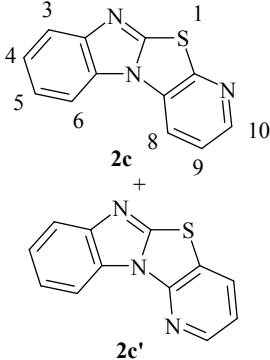
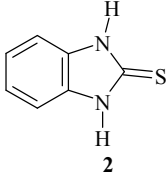
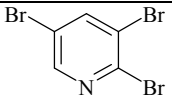
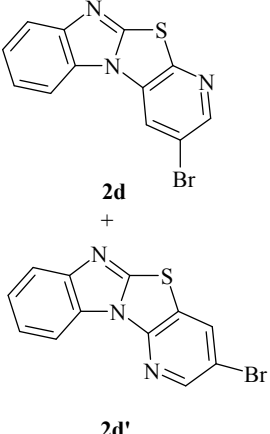
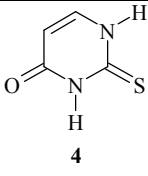
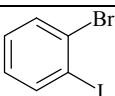
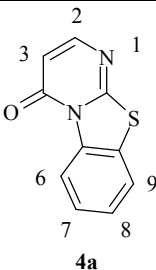


Scheme 2

Reaction of thione **2** with 2,3-dibromopyridine in the system solid KOH / CuI / 1,1-Phen / TBAB / DMF leads to a mixture of unstable products **2c** (9% yield) and **2c'** (5% yield). Interestingly, that the interaction of thione **2** with 2,3,5-tribromopyridine afforded selectively 9-bromopyrido[3'2':3,5]thiazolo[3,2-*a*]benzimidazole (**2d**) in 49% yield (see Table 1). In means, that in this case with S-nucleophilic part of thione **2** at first selectively reacted bromide in the position 2 in pyridine ring. The second step of reaction is substitution of bromide in the position 3 in pyridine ring with N-nucleophilic part of thione **2** leading to product **2d**.

Similarly was prepared pyrimido[2,1-*b*]benzothiazol-4-one (**4a**) from corresponding thione **4** and 1-bromo-2-iodobenzene.

Table 1. Synthesis of imidazo[2,1-*b*]thiazoles and pyrimido[2,1-*b*]benzothiazol-4-one from corresponding thiones and 1-bromo-2-iodobenzenes or 2,3-dibromopyridines in the system solid KOH / CuI / 1,1-Phen / TBAB / DMF

Starting thione	Halide	Product	Reaction time, h	Yield, %
 2		 2b	19	32
 2		 2c + 2c'	27	9 (2c) ^a 5 (2c') ^{a, b}
 2		 2d + 2d'	19	49 (2d) traces (2d') ^b
 4		 4a	19	11

^a Compounds **2c** and **2c'** are unstable and therefore were registered by ¹H NMR and LC-MS only.

^b Compound **2c'** and **2d'** was registered by LC-MS spectra only.

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were registered on Varian Mercury BB 400 MHz in CDCl_3 . Mass-spectra were recorded on Alliance Waters 2695 instrument with Full scan POS NEG 16 detector. Thiones **2** and **4**, 1-bromo-2-iodobenzene (all Acros), copper (I) iodide, Bu_4NBr , 1,10-phenanthroline (Reahim) and dimethylformamide (extra dry, over molecular sieves, Acros) were used without purification. Melting points were detected on Boetius apparatus equipped with visual detector PHMH 05. HR-MS spectra were performed on Micromass Q-TOF Micro quadrupole-time of flight high resolution mass spectrometer. Leucine enkephalin was used as internal lock mass for accurate mass calculation. 2,3-Dibromopyridine and 2,3,5-tribromopyridine were obtained from 2-amino-3-bromopyridine in the system $\text{NaNO}_2 / \text{HBr} / \text{H}_2\text{O}$.

General procedure for the synthesis of fused thiazoles 2b-d, 4a. Solid KOH (0.39 g, 6 mmol) was added to the solution of thiones **2** and **4** (1.5 mmol) and 1-bromo-2-iodobenzenes or 2,3-dibromopyridines (1.5 mmol), CuI (0.057g, 0.3 mmol) and TBAB (0.097 g, 0.3 mmol), 1,10-phenanthroline (0.3 mmol) in dry DMF (10 ml) in a glass reactor (50 ml) under argon. The reaction mixture was stirred at 140 °C (TLC-control, see Table 1) under argon. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and crude residue was chromatographed on silica using hexane : ethyl acetate (from 4:1 to 0:1) as eluent.

9-Methylbenzimidazo[2,1-*b*]benzothiazole (2b). M.p. 140-142°C. LC-MS, 239 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm): 2.47 (3H, s, Me); 7.30 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, H-10); 7.33-7.42 (m, total 2H, H-4 and H-5); 7.50 (s, 1H, H-8); 7.78 (d, 1H, $J = 8.4$ Hz, H-11); 7.81 and 7.90 (2H, both m, H-3 and H-6). ^{13}C NMR (100.58 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm): 21.3 (Me); 110.4; 111.9; 119.4; 121.7; 123.3; 124.4; 127.4; 129.0; 130.4; 131.0; 134.4; 148.2; 155.3. Found, m/z (EI): 239.0648 [$\text{M} + \text{H}$]. $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_2\text{S}$. Calculated, m/z : 239.0643.

Pyrido[3'2':3,5]thiazolo[3,2-*a*]benzimidazole (2c). M.p. 199°C (dec). LC-MS 226 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm): 7.39-7.51 and 7.85-7.91 (5H, both m, H-3, H-4, H-5, H-6 and H-9); 8.11 (1H, $J = 8$ Hz, H-8); 8.46 (1H, d, $J = 4$ Hz, H-10);

9-Bromopyrido[3'2':3,5]thiazolo[3,2-*a*]benzimidazole (2d). M.p. 198-199°C. LC-MS 305 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm): 7.37-7.46 (2H, m, 4-H and 5-H); 7.80-7.84 (2H, m, 3-H and 6-H); 8.18 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 8-H); 8.52 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 10-H). ^{13}C NMR (100.58 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm): 110.3; 117.7; 120.0; 120.8; 122.8; 124.4; 129.3; 130.0; 145.8; 147.0; 150.8; 153.2. Found, m/z (EI): 303.9527 [M] $^+$. $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_6\text{BrN}_3\text{S}$. Calculated, m/z : 303.9544.

Pyrimido[2,1-*b*]benzothiazol-4-one (4a).^{XII-XIV} M.p. 164-165°C. LC-MS, 203 ($\text{M}^+ + 1$). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm): 6.40 (1H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, H-3); 7.94 (1H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, H-2); 7.50 (m, 2H, H-7 and H-8); 7.68 (1H, d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, H-9); 9.08 (1H, d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, H-6). ^{13}C NMR (100.58 MHz, CDCl_3) δ (ppm): 109.4 (C-3); 120.2; 121.7; 124.2; 126.9; 127.2; 136.0; 151.8 (C-2); 161.0; 162.2. Found, m/z (EI): 203.0270 [$\text{M} + \text{H}$]. $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_7\text{N}_2\text{OS}$. Calculated, m/z : 203.0279.

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